WHY BATTLESHIPS **GO TO THE PACIFIC**

To Demonstrate to World What American Navy Can do to Protect the Country.

NOT SO VIEWED IN EUROPE.

Great Britain Apprehensive Over Japanese Situation-Germany and France Look for a War.

Ovster Bay, N. Y., July 7 .- The significance of Rear Admiral Brownson's addition to the somewhat meager information which has come from President Roosevelt regarding the contemplated two ocean maneuvers of the Atlantic battleship fleet, is regarded here as having been overlooked in the comment, and otherwise, which has since been indulged in on both continents. Admiral Brownson came to Oyster Bay Friday to take lunch with the president, professing entire ignorance of the maneuver plans. When he left Sagamore Hill to take the train for Washington, the admiral had one thought which he wished emphasized—that it was desirable and important to demonstrate to the world how quickly strate to the world how quickly the American navy could transfer its fighting strength from one ocean to the

This was distinctly an addition to This was distinctly an addition to the president's previous statement is sued through Secy. Loeb wherein the object of the maneuvers was said to be an exercise movement for the benefit of the navy, to perfect its training in fleet exercise on an extended scale, the purpose and effect of the plan being for the benefit of the navy aione. What came from President Roosevelt through Admiral Brownson is decidedly a difficult and much broader design. President Roosevelt has been consistent in advocating a large navy as the guaranadvocating a large navy as the guaran-tee of peace between the United States and all foreign powers. Heretofore a large navy has been reckoned solely from the point of view of the number of ships, their tonnage, armor, guns and fighting capacity. With this idea the American navy has grown steadily, ship by ship.

To the somewhat uninteresting array of ships and tonnage President Reosevelt now proposes to give the world a somewhat startling demonstration of what the American navy is capable of doing to protect either or both of the extended shores of the United States. As Admiral Brownson said, "there is no time like the present for such a demonstration," a time when the United States is at peace with every nation.

In everything that has come from the president regarding the movement it has been indicated that the fleet, wherever it may go, is to be brought back to the Atlantic, and that the return is to be as great a demonstration of speed as the outward journey.

While it is asserted with all possible emphasis that there is no foundation for apprehension of immediate or future difficulty between the United States and Japan, the proposed demonstration with the fleet, and he looked upon in no To the somewhat uninteresting array

difficulty between the United States and Japan, the proposed demonstration with the fleet can be looked upon in no other light than that President Roosevelt intends to use the American navy for exactly that purpose for which he has advocated its augmentation—a guarantee of international peace. It was stated here today that Ambassador O'Brien, who has been invited to Sagamore Hill the latter part of the present week, will not be able to confer with the president before going to his new post in Tokio. The ambassador finds it necessary to devote some time to his personal affairs in Michigan, and will not find it convenient to return to the east before departing by the way of San Francisco for Japan. It was remarked that there was no occasion for a conference between the president and a conference between the president and Ambassador O'Brien other than the formality of official etiquette.

ENGLAND'S POSITION DIFFICULT. London, July 7.—The political tension between the United States and Japan is exciting the keenest interest among all the European diplomatists. None of them, however, believe that it will reach the stage of warfare, because the heavy burden of debt Japan is carrying as a result of her failure to is carrying as a result of her failure to obtain indemnity from Russia forbids obtain indemnity from Russia forbids her*embarking on a similar costly en-terprise in the next decade. It is recognized, nevertheless, that the United States is acquiring the enmity of Japan as one of her national as-sets which may prove a handicap in the event of trouble with any other

Great Britain finds herself in an embarrassing position also, because she is obliged to stand between her

How to Fool a Lazy Liver with Artificial Exercise

VERY serious Sickness has a small beginning. And, in nine cases out of ten,

that beginning is made in the Constipation is the beginning of most dis-

eases. It paves the way for all others. Lack of exercise, hasty eating, improper

food, are its first causes.

Laziness, and postponement, permit it to grow into Chronic Constipation, which

means life-long Discomfort. It isn't necessary to be sick-a-bed, you

know, in order to be mighty uncomfortable. Even a slight indigestion affects the nerves, dulls the mind, and obscures the merry sunshine of Life.

The time to adjust the Bowels is the very minute you suspect they need adjustment.

- -- If your tongue is slightly coated,
- -If your breath is under suspicion,
- If your head feels a trifle heavy or dull. -If digestion seems even a little slow,
- -If Heartburn, Belching, Colic or Restlessness begin to show themselves.
- -That's the time to eat a Cascaret. It acts as pleasantly as it tastes. It is as

congenial to your Bowels as it is to your Palate.

It stimulates the muscular lining of the Bowels and Intestines, so that they mechanically extract nourishment from the food and drive out the waste.

The only way to have Cascarets ready to use precisely when you need them is to carry them constantly in your pocket, as

you do a Watch or a Lead pencil. The ten cent box of Cascarets is made thin, flat, round-edged, and small, for this

precise purpose. Be very careful to get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC." All druggists.

Why Baby's Food Disagrees

An unnatural food is almost certain to disagree with baby.
Did you ever hear a well mother, who was nursing her baby, say that baby's food did not agree with him?

Almost never.

Mother's milk is nature's food.

Sauipure Milk is nature's substitute
for mother's milk. It contains the same
things mother's milk does—in almost the same quantities, is more nearly like mother's milk than any other infant's food. Cow's milk forms hard, lumpy curds in the baby's stomach—that is why foods mixed with unchanged cow's milk do

not agree with baby.
Sanipure Milk is cow's milk with the faults left out. The formula is on every can-show it to your doctor.

Buy It TODAY

-From your druggist or grocer.

If your dealers haven't Saulpure Milk, send us the names of your Druggist and Grocer and we will send you free, a sample can and our booklet, "Baby's First Days."

PACIFIC COAST CONDENSED MILK CO. Seattle, Wash., U. S. A.

colonies and the matter of anti-Japanese laws. Transvaal has just put into operation a law regulating the entry of Asiatics, which applies to Indian subjects, as well as to the Japanese and the Chinese, and which compels them to submit to an examination and registry with thumb prints, like criminals, which is exceedingly irritating to them. Australia threatens legislation on the same lines. Alfred Deakin, the Australian premier, during his recent visit to England, repeatedly said in his speeches that the chief national question with which Australia must deal was the menace of the inflow of Japanese labor. colonies and the matter of anti-Jap

GERMANY LOKS FOR WAR.

Berlin, July 7.—The conviction of an ultimate conflict between Japan and the United States appears to be widespread in Germany. It is one of the subjects certain to be referred to and naval officials and others accustomed to follow international politics

areet. The newspapers agree that President Roosevelt is earnestly try-ing to satisfy the Japanese requests They agree also that Japan asks nothring unreasonable. They recognize that the difficulty lies in the question of race, the economic antagonism of the Californians against the Japanese and the constitutional impossibility of fed-

It is believed by many that the group of ruling statesmen in Japan are preparing to fight the United States for the mastery of the Pacific, regardless of the San Francisco inci-

dents,

The strategists of the admirality regard a naval war between Japan and the United States as the most interesting problem of the day. Careful studies that have been worked out are unfavorable to the United States, because the American fleet, although of greater power than that of Japan, would have to seek a fight in Japan's home waters.

VIEWS OF PEACE DELEGATES. The Hague, July 7.—The sentiment of the delegates to the peace conference regarding the question that has arisen between the United States and Japan is that the situation is unfortunate for both countries as the original incident causing tension between the two countries is disproportionate to the grave results which may follow. The question the delegates think is likely to create a hostile atmosphere, endangering their reciprocal commerce to which the former friendly relatons has opened the former friendly relatons has opened

Although the sending of a fleet by the United States to the Pacific coast can-not be interreted as a threat, it is gen-erally admitted here that such action may give rise to dangerous popular ex-citement, which the men at Washington might not be able to control. The Span-ish representatives say that the United States has now found a hard nut to crack. The Russians remark that the predictions of Witte that the pext war ictions of Witte that the next will be between Japan and the United States is approaching realization. The English, French and Japanese dele-gates believe that both governments— at Washington and at Tokio—sincerely

at washington and at Toklo—sincerely wish to reach an understanding and will not be influenced by jingoism.

Some of the Germans here are of the opinion that the situation may lead to an American-German entente, which, while preventing the isolation of Germany, would be the strongest compact against British supremacy that could be made.

AS FRANCE SEES IT.

Paris, July 7.—President Roosevelt's decision to dispatch a fleet of warships to the Pacific has led the more sensational newspapers in France to jump to the conclusion that the situation is more delicate than appears on the surface. This view, however, is absolutely repudiated in responsible circles, where the utmost confidence is expressed that existing or future differences between the United States and Japan will be

existing or future differences between the United States and Japan will be amleably adjusted.

Nevertheless, the possibility of complications was foreseen when France, two months ago, in the spirit of friendship, tendered her good offices with a view to having Japan and the United States conclude an arbitration covering all questions relating to the Pacific.

In military circles, where the situation is regarded from a different standpoint, the dispatch of battleships is considered an elementary measure of prudence, on the ground that strategically it will protect the United States against being caught mapping and diplomatically it will force Japan's hand, if that nation harbors aggressive designs.

A significant feature of the French comment is that the possibility of trouble occurring is considered only from the side of Japan. The Solell regards the San Francisco incidents as a mere cloak to the real issue, which, it thinks, may be traced to the determination of Japan to enforce her commercial supremacy in China and the Pacific.

"For Japan, now or never." it adds.

"For Japan, now or never." it adds.
"In 10 years, when the American fleet;
predominancy is unchallengeable and
the Panama canal has been completed, it will be too late.

JAPANESE ARE WIDE AWAKE. Tokio, July 7.—Confirmation of the re-port that a powerful battleship squad-ron would be sent to the Pacific has generally been received with calmness, though there is some surprise in cer-tain quarters, well versed in diplomatic

niceties.

It is said that the sudden change of program in the case of the Japanese training squadron last January, when it was first intended that its voyage should include San Francisco and other Pacific coast cities was evidently in deference to the wishes of the Washington government made known to the Tokio authorities in an indirect but unmistakable manner. The change of route was decided upon only a couple of days hefore the squadron sailed.

It was thought then that Japan acted wisely in avoiding a course which

It was thought then that Japan acted wisely in avoiding a course which might have proved injurious when a strong gami-Japanese serstiment was prevailing in San Francisco. Though officially stated that the dispatch of the battleships to the Pacific is not directed towards Japan, it is felt here that it is most inopportune when an attempt is evidently going on to impair the traditional friendship between Japan and the United States.

aditional friendship between Japan and the United States.

Though not the slightest apprehension is entertained here it is thought 't would be better to defer at this moment anything that would be open to the slightest suspicion of provocation, especially when a portion of the Ameri-

can public is thought to be over-sensitive over the present state of the relationship of Japan and the United States, brought about by prejudice against the Japanese in a section of the latter's dominion.

JAP ADMIRAL'S ESTIMATE OF AMERICAN NAVY.

Tokio, July 7.—The Hochi this morning prints an interview with Admiral Sakamoto in which the admiral is quot-

ed as follows:

"Should hostilities break out between Japan and America, the result would be indecisive owing to a want of proper bases of operations. Such bases as exist are too distant for practical pur-

"Even if the Washington government should decide on a war, it is doubtful if the Americans serving in the navy are sufficiently patriotic to fight. "American naval officers are brilliant figures at balls and social gatherings, but they are very deficient in professional training and practise. It is too much to expect a burning patriotism in the American naval service in case of war with Japan.

"It is very likely that most of the crews would desert and leave the ships."

BOMBS THROWN AT TRAIN.

Grodno, Russia, July 7.—A number of bombs were thrown today at a train carrying the life guard regiment of Tsarskoe-Selo. The bombs exploded terrific force, but the train kept the rails and nobody was injured.

THE SUN NEVER SETS On Cuticura. It circles the globe. All people in all climes use it.

WISCONSIN ELEVATORS.

State Railroad Commission Orders Them Opened to the Public.

Madison, Wis., July 7 .- The Wisconsin re road commission issued an or-der today requiring the Great Northern and the Eastern Railway companies of Minnesota, and the Chicago, St. Uaul. Minneapolis & Omaha Railroad com-pany to open their big grain elevators at Superior to the use of the general

public.

If the order stands and is not overturned by the courts, it will, it is believed, re-establish the grain business
in Superior on the basis of two years
ago, when the railroad companies, in
order to get around the Wisconsin grain
inspection law, leased their elevators to private parties, thus practically clos-ing them to the public use and putting the independent grain dealers out of

In addition to requiring them to throw their elevators open to public use, the order also provides that they shall not charge more than they did in the fall of 1904 for similar services.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

Last Year Benefit Fund Received \$76,-816 Less Than it Paid Out.

S16 Less Than it Paid Out.

Denver, Colo., July 7.—E. E. Rittenhouse, state commissioner of insurance, in a letter to I. I. Boak, head consul of the Woodmen of the World (Pacific jurisdiction), made public today, calls attention to the fact that during the past year, the amount collected for the benefit or mortuary fund was \$76,816 less than the benefits paid to members. Mr. Rittenhouse also finds that an insufficient sum of money is provided for the expenses of the order and that there is imjust discrimination in the rates charged for insurance, the rate to new members being about twice that which the original members of the organization are paying.

The insurance commissioner finds that the order is entirely solvent, with a total of \$1,401,953 on hand, most of which is in the reserve fund, but he recommends that the order adopt without delay some method of providing, first, an adequate expense fund; second, elimination of unjust discrimination, and, third, adequate rates to protect policy obligations.

The order has over 100,000 members, a quarter of whom reside in Colorado.

The recommendations of Mr. Rittenhouse are concurred in by Mr. Boak.

Mexico City, July 7.—Gen. Jose Maria Lima has been appointed commander-in-chief of all the Guatemalan forces stationed along the Mexican frontier. Gen. Lima was accused of instigating the assassination of Gen. Barrillas.

POLK, NEB., WRECKED.

Polk, Neb., July 7 .- This town was Polk, Neb., July 7,—This town was badly wrecked by a combined wind and hall storm, which descended short-ly after midnight this morning. The best business buildings in the town were demolished or damaged, and crops over a considerable distance ruined. Mrs. Lee Miller was slightly intered.

A MURDEROUS POLISH MINER.

Seattle, aWsh., July 7.—A special to the Post-Intelligencer from Black Diamond says:

Joe Grozek, a Polish miner, shot and killed Banass Dleago and seriously wounded Joe Frankie at 4:30 this afternoon. The shooting was without

CASTORIA The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chart. Pletchers.

CLAYTON Utah's MUSIC Leading COMP'NY House 109-11-13 MAIN STREET.





Where does the flesh go? Gossard front" Model M. xtension at bottom of f

"They lace in front" MODEL M

MODEL M

Model "M" attains the summit of corset ideality for the figures embraced by the intentions of its designer—figures of 140 pounds and upwards. It gives the willowy grace, the snug hips, long waist line, and the absolutely correct front. It has a long back, which by its carefully planned lines reduces the hips in appearance and cleverly draws them back thereby imparting the lines of youth. The soft extension at the bottom of the front clasps with hook and eye fastening, nips in under the abdomen and holds perfectly, forming a support of inestimable value, thus performing a necessary province without the discomfor of long front steels. The multiplicity of figures make this model desirable in many instances in sizes as small as 19 and always for figures with large hips.

"They Lace in Front"

"They Lace in Front" Expert Corsetieres in attendance.

--- THE =

OUTFITTERS FOR WOMEN 122 South Main, Salt Lake

ROBINSON'S PATENT BARLEY THE ONLY INFANT FOOD. All Grocers and Druggists.

WE DO JOB PRINTING and the kind of job printing that everybody wants who wants good work. The Des-eret News.

だっしゅうしゅうしゅうしゅうしゅうしゅうしゅうしゅう

THIS IS GET

ACQUAINTED WEEK!

It means you are asked to make yourself acquainted with Utah made goods—If you come here we will show you several home-made lines of marked excellence.

Mattresses for instance.

H. Dinwoodey Furniture

Company.

KNAPTON, CURTIS & HANGER CO.

WALL PAPER AND PAINTS. 217 SO. STATE ST. Phones

A Haven of Refuge

In the hour of peril is solid consolation. Insurance robs fire of its terror. You can smile at flames when a little document, a policy in the



Home Fire Insurance Company of Utah

Will cause your vanishing treasures to rise Phoenix-like from their ashes. We represent only what's as solid as bed-rock. Moderate premiums, and every loss settled fully, promptly and equitably.

HEBER J. GRANT & CO., GENERAL AGENTS,

20-26 So. Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

234 Main St., UTAH DENTAL CO. PROVO, LOGAN Salt Lake City UTAH DENTAL CO. OGDEN, PARK CITY



12 YEARS' GUARANTEE.



Teeth extracted positively without pain.
Set Teeth (best red rubber) \$5.00
Gold Crowns, 22-k...\$3.50 to \$5.00
Bridge Work, best..\$3.50 to \$5.00
Gold Fillings.....\$1.00 up
All Other Fillings......50c, 75c

BRING THIS AD. WITH YOU.

The ENSIGN KNITTING

Will take MONEY in EXCHANGE for any of their splendid Knit Goods.

The only place in Utah where they make LINEN MESH HEALTH UNDERWEAR-all others are imported.

They knit and manufacture the best GARMENTS, UNION SUITS, SHIRTS & DRAWERS, LADIES VESTS, and everything knitable in the state. Their MOUNTAIN LION BRAND HOSIERY is so nearly HOLE-PROOF that they GUARANTEE to replace FREE OF CHARGE 1 pair for every pair purchased, if you do not feel that you have had better service from them than any you have ever worn before at the same price. Every loyal Utah citizen has his private OPINION of Utah people who will neglect HOME made GOODS with such a splendid GUARANTEE. Remember the PLACE where they sell both WHOLESALE & RETA IL aswell as by mail order.

32 RICHARDS STREET

SALT LAKE CITY.

Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, La Grippe, Asthma, Throat and Lung Transia Promopin and Consumption

THE UKIGINAL LAXATIVE HONEY and TAR

FOR SALE BY F. J. HILL DRUG COMPANY, SALT LAKE CITY.

BARTON'S

MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

Hundreds of Men's Finest suits made of choicest worsteds, serges, cheviots, etc., cut and made in the latest fashion by the best workmen. Every suit a model of general excellence, will be sold at the fol-\$10.00 Suits at \$6.75

Clothiers to Men and Boys.

\$18.00 Suits at \$20.00 Suits at \$13.50



Main Street

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

The undersigned Board of Turstees Scofield School District, Scotield, Can County, Utah, will receive bids up to p. m. July 25, 1997, for the erection of 5-room brick school building. Plans specifications can be found at the of Neil M. Madsen, Scotield, Utah; at the office of R. C. Watkins, archivery of Provo, Utah. Bids will be received segregated form, for excavating, st. cement, concrete and brickwork, penter work, including this wought, and galvanized from work, plastering cement work, painting, heating apputus; also for the building completed, cept heating apparatus. Each bid a be accompanied with a certified check of the percent of the amount of bid, will be returned with all rejected halso to the successful bidder upon the bid work is awarded, otherwise amount to be forfeited to said district the above stated time and date to and publicly read all bids. The trustees will meet at their office the above stated time and date to and publicly read all bids. The trustees will meet at their office and publicly read all bids. The trustees will read all bids. The trustees will read all bids. The trustees will meet at their office and publicly read all bids. The trustees will read all bids. The trustees will meet at their office the above stated time and date to and publicly read all bids. The trustees will read all bids. The trustees

LARS JENSEN. NEIL M. MADSEN Dated at Scofield, June 24th, 1907.

Notice of intention to redeem outstan-ing Issue of Salt Lake City Hailrand Con-pany 6 per cent Second Mortgage Gol Bonds.

Notice of intention to redeem of lag issue of Salt Lake City Railro pany 6 per cent Second Mortge Bonds.

Whereas, the Salt Lake City Company, a corporation organize the laws of Utah, did neveror of first day of February, 1901, issue of five hundred (690) bonds dater day, of the denomination of one dollars (£1,600), and payable on day of, February, 1905, and see payment of the same by mortge its property; and

Whereas, the Utah Light & Company, and did here the light of the sale property of the Saliroad Company, and did here the 18th day of January, 1905, in et don of the extension of time of ment of the aforesaid bonds unitary last, 1906, authorized the ginthe payment of the principal author of the payment of the principal author active the red, which guaranty wafter duly executed. The said however, was on the expression of the company list of August 1st, prior to February 1st of August 1st, prior 1st of the bidder of February 1st of August 1st, prior 1st of the High 1st August 1st, prior 1st of August 1

ate same st. Date of first publication, June 28th. WILLIAM S. McCORNICK, CLARENCE K. McCORNIC Trus

NOTICE. TRAPPER MINING COMPANY .- N

ce is hereby given, that a special of the stockholders of the T at 2 o'clock p. m. on Tuesd, day of July, 1907, for the purp ing a board of five (5) din whom shall be chosen a Press. President, a Secretary and a and to trasnact any such oth as shall lawfully come beforeing.

President of the Trapper Mining Com-

Dated June 19, 1907. NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT NO 3. CHERRY CREEK MINES COMPAN

CHERRY CREEK AINES Salt Utah. Notice is hereby given meeting of the board of dir on the 7th day of June, 1907, ment of two (2) cents per shar led on the capital stock of the tion, payable immediately to Ewan, Secretary, at his office is tion, payable immediately to H. T. Ewan, Secretary, at his office in the S Bank of Utah. Salt Lake City, Utah. stock on w ich this assessment may main unpaid at the close of husion the 12th day of July, 1907, shall delinquent and advertised for sale public auction, and unless paymen made before will be sold at 10 o'closm, on Aug. 2, 1907, to pay the cost of vertising and expense of sale.

HENRY T. McEWAN, Secreta.

First publication June 10th, 1907. PROBATE AND GUARDIANSHIP

Consult County Clerk or respective signers for further information.

In the Third Judicial District Cours in and for Sait Lake County, State & Utah. Department No.1. In the matter & Utah. Department of Orange J. Salisbury, Departing to be the last Will and Testsment of Orange J. Salisbury, deceased and for the granting of Letters Testamentary to Margaret B. Salisbury, habeen set for hearing on Saturday, the 12th day of July, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock a. E. at the County Court House, in the Count Room of Said Court in Sait Lake Chr. Sait Lake County, Utah.

Witness the Clerk of Said Court with the seal thereof affixed, this 2nd day & July, A. D. 1901.

(Seai) J. U. ELDREDGE, JR., Clerk, By W. H. Farnsworth, Deputy Clerk, Bradley Pischel & Harkness, Automeyt for Petitioner. In the Third Judicial District C

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, PB bate Division, in and for Salt Lake Coty, State of Utah. In the matter of testate of Charles F. Stohl, Deceased, tice.—The petition of G. H. Baman, executor of the estate Charles F. Stohl, deceased, praing for the settlement of final account of said executor and for the distribution of the residue of said executor and for the distribution of the residue of said extate to the psons entitled, has been set for hearing saturday, the 13th day of July, A. D. 18 at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Count of the County County State County County State County County State County State County State County State County State County State County County State County County State County County State C

Utah.
Witness the Clerk of said Court with the seal thereof affixed, this 2nd day of July. A. D. 1907.
(Seal) J. U. ELDREDGE, JR., Clerk. By W. H. Farnsworth, Deputy Clerk, G. H. Backman, Attorney for Patitions.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—ESTATE of James A. Miner, Deceased. Creditar will present claims with vauchers to the underligned at \$12-315 Auerbach Blee. Sait Lake City, Utah, on or before the 20th day of April. A. D. 1908.

HARRIET L. MINNER and BENNER X. SMITH,

Executors of the Last Will and Testames of James A. Miner, Deceased.

Date of first publication June 17, A. 2.

Stephens, Smith & Porter, Attorneys. MOVE WORK OFF A COUGH STRUCK COUGH SYRUP. COUGH Sold by Z.C.M.I.Drug Dept., 112-4 Main



Jos. E. Taylor, PIONEER UNDERTAKER